"ऋते ज्ञानात् न मुक्तिः"

विवेकिता

सत्र : 2026-2027



सर छोटूराम राजकीय महिला महाविद्यालय

साँपला (रोहतक)

EDITORIAL BOARD 2026-27



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IQAC



MESSAGE FROM THE PRINCIPAL



It gives me immense pleasure to present this edition of the college magazine, a vibrant reflection of the intellectual, creative, and cultural spirit of our institution. A college is not defined solely by its classrooms, laboratories, examinations, or degrees; its true character emerges from the ideas, aspirations, creativity, and experiences of the people who constitute it.

A college magazine provides a meaningful space for these voices. Through its pages, our students express their thoughts, engage with contemporary concerns, celebrate creativity, and share experiences that enrich the collective life of the institution. Every contribution, whether literary, artistic, academic, or reflective, is a testament to the curiosity and potential of our young minds.

Education, in its finest sense, is not merely the acquisition of knowledge but the cultivation of imagination, discernment, empathy, and the confidence to question and create. I hope this magazine encourages our students to continue exploring beyond the prescribed boundaries of the classroom and to recognise the power of ideas and expression.

I extend my sincere appreciation to the editorial team, faculty members, and students whose collective efforts have brought this publication to fruition. May these pages preserve the memories of our shared academic journey while also inspiring us towards new possibilities.

I wish the magazine great success and hope that it continues to flourish as a space where knowledge meets creativity and where every voice finds an opportunity to be heard.

Dr. Santosh Hooda

Principal

HES-I

FROM THE CHIEF EDITOR'S DESK



The function of education is to teach one to think intensively and to think critically."

- Martin Luther King Jr.

As Chief Editor, I sincerely appreciate the enthusiasm and commitment of every contributor. I extend my gratitude to the editorial team, faculty members, students, and all those whose sincere efforts have transformed this publication into a meaningful academic and creative endeavour. Their collective contribution has given this magazine its distinctive character and purpose.

May these pages inspire us to read more, think deeper, create fearlessly, and strive continuously for excellence. May our institution remain a space where ideas are nurtured, dreams are encouraged, and young minds are empowered to become responsible citizens and compassionate human beings.

Let this magazine 'Vivekita' be more than a record of the year gone by; let it be a testament to where we stand today and a vision of where we aspire to go tomorrow.

The name 'Vivekita' itself evokes the spirit of vivek wisdom, discernment, and the ability to distinguish what is meaningful from what is merely apparent. In an era of unprecedented information and rapid transformation, education must empower young minds not only to acquire knowledge but also to develop the wisdom to use that knowledge with responsibility and compassion.

In today's digital age, mobile phones have become an inseparable part of our lives. They provide instant access to information and entertainment, but excessive use of phones is gradually replacing the valuable habit of reading. A college magazine can play an important role in bringing students back to the world of books, ideas, imagination, and meaningful reflection.

We sincerely appreciate the Principal's inspiring leadership and unwavering support. We hope that this magazine will continue to serve as a vibrant platform for young minds and encourage the habit of reading and thoughtful expression.

Chief Editor
Dr. Sunil Chauhan
Associate Professor

OUR SPORT STARS



Seema

BA III Year
Wrestling, Judo, Wushu
Silver Medal in Inter College
All India Inter University
Participation
In Fencing



Anjali

BA I Year
Judo Sliver Medal
in Inter College
All India Inter University
Participation (Judo)



Aditi

BA III Year
Aarnis
Bronze Medal
Inter College
Participation



Anjali

MA (Pre)
Judo Fencing
Silver Medal
in MDU Inter College



Muskan

BA III Year
Athlete
Sliver Medal in
5000 m Race



Prachi

BA III Year
Wrestling
Sliver Medal
10,000 Gold Medal in
Inter College



Manisha

MA Final
Fencing
All India Inter
University
Participation

ACADEMIC ACHIEVERS



Babita BA III
Class Topper



Aaniya BA I
Class Topper



Ishita BA II



Jyoti MA History P
Class Topper



Manita BCom I
Class Topper



Monika MA History
Over All Topper



Muskan BA
History Hons. I
(Class Topper)



Nancy MA Hindi P
Class Topper



Nidhi BA III
Class Topper



Payal MA History F
Class Topper



Prabha Kaushik MA
Hindi F
(Class Topper)



Priya BSc III
(Class Topper)



Priyanka B Com II
(Class Topper)



Ritika BA
History Hons.
(Class Topper)



Shruti BSC II
(Class Topper)



Sneha BSc I
(Class Topper)



Tannu MA Hindi
(17th Rank in
University)



Varsha BCom III
(Over all Topper)

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CULTURAL & TALENT SEARCH PROGRAMME

















SPORTS DAY

















PRIZE DISTRIBUTION













Vivekita

2026-27

"ऋते ज्ञानात् न मुक्तिः"

Art : Science Section

Editor

Dr. Nancy

Assistant Professor in Physics

Student Editor

Priyanks & Sneha

B.Sc. Final Year

1242081003/10

Editorial : Science

"Science is not only a collection of facts; it is a way of thinking, questioning and discovering."

Science is an integral part of our everyday lives. From the mobile phones we use to the medicines that protect us, from modern transportation to space exploration, science has transformed the way we live, learn and communicate. It has made the world more connected, efficient and progressive.

The Science Section of Vivekita provides a platform for students to express their curiosity, creativity and interest in the scientific world. It brings together articles, ideas and reflections that highlight the importance of scientific thinking and innovation. Through this section, we aim to encourage students to look beyond textbooks and develop a habit of observing, questioning and exploring the world around them.

In an age of rapid technological advancement, scientific knowledge must be accompanied by responsibility. Artificial intelligence, biotechnology, environmental science and space research are opening new possibilities, while also presenting new challenges. Therefore, education should inspire us not only to use technology but also to understand its impact on society and nature.

I sincerely hope that the Science Section of Vivekita will inspire young minds to remain curious, think logically and contribute meaningfully to society. Let us embrace the spirit of scientific inquiry and remember that every great discovery begins with a simple question.Keep questioning, keep exploring, and keep discovering.

Science Editor

Vivekita

Session 2026-27

Student Editorial

It gives me immense pleasure to present this year's annual magazine of sir Chhotu Ram Government college for women, Sampla. Every page of this magazine is a reflection of the creativity, hard work and silent dreams of our students.

This year we have chosen to weave the spirit of science through our pages. Science is not merely a subject though in classroom, it is a way of thinking - a habit of questioning, observing and seeking truth in a college that proudly educates the daughter of Haryana scientific temper becomes even more meaningful. When a girl learns to think scientifically, she learns to think independently she learn to separate fact from rumour, possibility from limitation.

Our college has always encouraged this spirit- through National science Day Celebrations, science Exhibitions, departmental quizzes in Physics, Chemistry and Mathematics and the curiosity that our teachers keep alive every day. The young women of sampla are not just studying science; they are preparing to use it to solve real problems of health, environment, agriculture and technology in our villages and town.

In an age of rapid changes, scientific knowledge is the strongest tool of empowerment. It teaches us that every challenge has a solution waiting to be discovered. Whether a students is pursuing B.Sc. or simply carrying scientific curiosity into Arts or Commerce, the same spirit of inquiry will guide her.

I sincerely thank our Principal, respected teachers and every student who contributed poems, articles, sketches and photographs. Their efforts have turned this magazine into a living document of our collective journey.

May this magazine inspire every reader to loot at world with wonder and with the courage to ask "why" and "how".

With warm regards

Priyanks & Sneha

Student Member,

Editorial/ Board Sir Chhotu Ram Government College for Women, Sampla

1242081003/10

The Science Behind Our Everyday Life

Chemistry is often called the "Central Science" because it connects physics, biology, medicine, environmental science and many other fields. But chemistry is not limited to laboratories and complicated formulas- it is present in almost everything we do.

From the moment we wake up, chemistry surrounds us. Toothpaste, soap, shampoo, food, medicines, clothes, fules and even the air we breathe involve chemical substances and reactions.

Chemistry in the Kitchen

Cooking is a simple example of chemistry. When we boil egg, bake bread or cook vegetables, chemical changes take place. Heat changes the structure and properties of substances. The browning of food during cooking is also a result of chemical reactions.

Chemistry and Health

Modern medicine depends greatly on chemistry. Scientist use chemical knowledge to develop medicines, vaccines, disinfectants and diagnostic materials. Chemistry help us understood how medicines interact with out bodies and how new treatments can be developed.

Chemical is not just a subject we study for examinations. It is a way of understanding the world around us. Every breath, material we use has a connection with chemistry.

Name : Neha
Class : B.Sc. 3rd year
Roll No. : 1242881012

The Hidden Chemistry of Your Favourite Foods

Every bite you take is a carefully orchestrated chemical event. When you fry an egg, the clear liquid white, turns solid because heat denatures proteins, unfolding their chains so bond together. The golden colour on rooted coffee or toasted bread comes from the Malliard reaction- a cascade between amino acids and sugars that creates hundreds of flavour molecules.

Chocolate melts in your mouth thanks to coco butter's unique fat crystals that soften just below body temperature. Spicy food burns because capsacium molecules bind to heat receptors on your tongue, tricking your brain into sensing fire. Even the fizz in soda is pure chemistry : Carbon dioxide gas dissolving under pressure and escaping when the bottle opens.

Understanding these reactions does more than satisfy curiosity. It helps chefs perfect recipes, food scientists create healthier alternatives, and students appreciate that cooking is simply applied chemistry in the kitchen. Next time you cook, remember - you are not just following a recipe. You are running a delicious experiment.

Name : Sneha
Class : B.Sc. 3rd year
Roll No. : 1242881010

The Chemistry of Everyday Life

Chemistry is not just in laboratories - it Is in corner of our daily routine. Your morning coffee works because caffeine blocks adenosine receptors. keeping you you alert. The rich aroma and colour come from the Maillard reaction, the same process that brown toast and seared food. Your phone screen uses liquid crystals that twist under electric field to create images. The Battery runs on lithium ions moving between electrodes through redox reaction. Chemistry also chapes bigger issue. Greenhouse gases that trap heat because of their molecular structure , while green chemistry design cleaner industrial process. Looking Ahead : Chemistry as a Creative Force : College is a perfect time to see chemistry not as a collection of equations but as a toolkit for solring real problems. Whether you are interested in developing, better batteries, designing targeted drugs, creating sustainable materials or simply understanding why food brown when you cook it, the underlying language is molecular.

Priyanshi
B.Sc 3rd year
Roll No. : 1242881003

Physics and Space Day

Physics is an important branch of Science that helps Mos understand how the world around es works. It explains things like light, sound, force, energy and gravity and motion. gravity Physics & also very important in the study of space.Space Day reminds me about the importance of space science and the amazing discoveries made by scientists. Wih the help of physics, scientist are able to build rockets, satellites and spacecraft to explore space. Satellites help us in many ways, such as weather forecasting, communication , navigation and studying Earth.India has also achieved many great things in space science. ISRO has successfully completed mission like chandrayan and mangalyaan. These missions have made us proud and encouraged students to take an interest in science and space.Physics and space science help us learn more about the Earth, the Moon, the Sun planets and the entire universe. They also inspire us to dream big and discoveries new things.In conclusion, physics helps us understand nature, while space science helps us explore the universe. Both are important for the progress of science and for a better future.

Neha
B.Sc. 3rd year
Roll no. 1242881012

Green Chemistry - Designing a Clean Future

Traditional chemistry has given us medicines, materials, and energy, but often at a high environmental cost. Green chemistry offers a smarter path: designing chemical processes that reduce waste, avoid toxic substances, and use renewable resources.The twelve principles of green chemistry guide this shift. One key idea is atom economy — making sure most atoms from the starting materials end up in the final product instead of becoming waste.Catalysts play a starring role; they speed up reactions without being consumed, allowing milder conditions and less energy use. Many modern drugs and plastics are now made with cleaner catalytic routes.Everyday examples are already around us. Biodegradable packaging from plant-based polymers, water-based paints that release fewer harmful solvents, and detergents that break down safely in the environment all stem from green chemistry thinking. Researchers are also developing solvents from agricultural waste and batteries that use earth-abundant metals instead of scarce ores.For college students, green chemistry is not just a subject - it is a career opportunity and a responsibility. The molecules we design today will shape the air, water and soil of tomorrow. Choosing cleaner chemistry is one of the most practical ways we can protect the planet.

Vandana
B.Sc. 3rd year
Roll No. 124288100

EOS - 05 India's Latest Step Towards Advanced Space Technology

Introduction India's space programme has entered an exciting phase, with satellites playing an increasingly important role in communication, navigation, weather forecasting, environmental monitoring and national development. One recent milestone is EOS-05, launched by the Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO) on 4 September 2026 aboard GSLV-F17.

The GSLV-F17 Mission GSLV-F17 is part of India's Geosynchronous Satellite Launch Vehicle programme. The successful mission demonstrated India's capability to develop and operate sophisticated launch vehicles and satellites and to placececraft into precise orbits.

EOS-05 and Its Importance EOS-05 belongs to India's Earth-observation satellite programme. Earth-observation satellites collect information using specialised sensors and can support agriculture, environmental monitoring, disaster management, land-use planning and natural-resource management.

Orbit Manoeuvring Following launch, spacecraft may need additional orbital manoeuvres before reaching their operational orbit. Such manoeuvres require precise control and demonstrate the sophistication of satellite operations.

Why Earth-Observation Satellites Matter Satellite observations can help monitor agricultural land. forests, water resources, floods, droughts, cyclones and environmental changes. They provide information over large areas and can be especially valuable during disasters when ground access is difficult.

India's Growing Space Capabilities EOS-05 is part of a broader expansion of India's space capabilities. India's space programme increasingly includes advanced Earth observation, scientific missions and a growing private space sector. These developments are expanding the role of space technology in national development.

Satellites and the Future The future of satellite technology is moving towards smaller satellites, advanced sensors, artificial intelligence, high-resolution imaging and satellite constellations. These technologies can provide faster and more detailed information about Earth.

Conclusion The EOS-05 mission represents another step in India's growing space capabilities. Advanced Earth-observation satellites can contribute to agriculture, environmental monitoring, disaster management and scientific research. As satellite technology develops, space will become increasingly important for solving problems on Earth.

Isha

B.Sc. First Year

Roll no. 1262881003

The 2025 Nobel Prize in Physics : Quantum Mechanics at the Macroscopic Scale

Introduction

The Nobel Prize in Physics is one of the highest honours in science. The 2025 Nobel Prize in Physics was awarded jointly to John Clarke, Michel H. Devoret and John M. Martinis for the discovery of macroscopic quantum mechanical tunnelling and energy quantisation in an electric circuit.

Understanding the Quantum World

Quantum mechanics describes matter and energy at very small scales. In this world, particles can show wave-like behaviour, superposition and quantum tunnelling. The 2025 laureates demonstrated that quantum effects can also appear in an electrical circuit large enough to be considered macroscopic.

The Work of the Laureates Clarke, Devoret and Martinis conducted pioneering experiments using electrical circuits containing superconducting components at extremely low temperatures. They showed that such a circuit could behave as a quantum mechan system and demonstrated macroscopic quantum tunnelling and quantised energy levels.

Why Is This Discovery Important?

The discovery helped establish that quantum mechanics is not restricted to individual microscopic particles. It provided an important foundation for modern quantum technology, including superconducting quantum circuits being investigated for quantum computing.

From Fundamental Physics to Quantum Technology

The experiments began as a fundamental investigation into whether quantum behaviour could exist in a macroscopic electrical circuit. Their results later contributed to the development of superconducting quantum circuits. This illustrates how fundamental research can eventually lead to technologies with major practical potential.

Future Prospects Quantum systems are sensitive to environmental disturbances, making stability. control and scalability major challenges. Continued research may contribute to quantum computers, highly sensitive quantum sensors and new forms of quantum communication.

Conclusion

The 2025 Nobel Prize in Physics honours a discovery that changed our understanding of the boundary between microscopic and macroscopic physi.... The work of Clarke, Devoret and Martinis demonstrates how fundamental physics can become the foundation for future technologies in computing, sensing and communication.

Tamanna

B.Sc.

Roll no. 126288012

Nuclear Bomb : The Science, History and Human Cost

Introduction

The discovery of nuclear energy was one of the greatest achievements of modern physics. It revealed that enormous amounts of energy are stored within the atomic nucleus. However, this discovery also led to the development of the nuclear bomb, one of the most destructive weapons ever created.

The Science Behind a Nuclear Bomb

A nuclear bomb releases energy through nuclear reactions. In nuclear fission, the nucleus of a heavy atom splits into smaller nuclei and releases energy and neutrons. These neutrons can produce a rapidly multiplying chain reaction. Thermonuclear weapons involve fusion as well as fission and can release still greater amounts of energy.

Development During World War II

The possibility of nuclear weapons became a major concern during World War II. The United States initiated the secret Manhattan Project, involving scientists, engineers and workers at several sites. The first nuclear device was tested at Trinity in New Mexico on 16 July 1945.Hiroshima and Nagasaki On 6 August 1945, an atomic bomb was dropped on Hiroshima, Japan. On 9 August, a second was dropped on Nagasaki. These remain the only two instances in which nuclear weapons have been used in warfare. The bombings caused enormous loss of life and long-term suffering, including radiation-related health effects.

The Human and Environmental Cost

A nuclear explosion produces intense heat, a shock wave and ionising radiation. The effects can include immediate destruction, severe injuries, fires and long-term health consequences. Radioactive contamir on can also affect ecosystems, soil and water.

The Nuclear Arms Race After World War II, nuclear weapons became central to international politics. The United States and Soviet Union developed large arsenals during the Cold War, creating a nuclear arms race. International efforts subsequently focused on non-proliferation, arms control and disarmament.

Nuclear Technology for Peaceful Purposes

Nuclear science also has many peaceful applications, including electricity generation, cancer treatment, medical diagnosis, agriculture and scientific research. This demonstrates that the same understanding of the atomic nucleus can serve constructive purposes when used responsibly.

Scientific Achievement and Moral Responsibility

The nuclear age shows that scientific progress must be accompanied by responsibility. The ability to create powerful technologies brings an obligation to consider their humanitarian and environmental consequences.

Conclusion

The nuclear bomb represents both a major achievement in nuclear physics and a profound humanitarian warning. The future of nuclear science should increasingly emphasize peaceful applications, safety, international cooperation and reduction of nuclear risks. Scientific advancement and human responsibility must go hand in hand.

Priyanka
B.Sc. First Year
Roll no. 1262881004

Nanomaterials : Recent Advances, Applications and Future Perspective

Introduction

Nanotechnology has emerged as one of the most promising areas of modern science because it allows scientists to manipulate matter at extremely small dimensions. Nanomaterials are generally materials having at least one dimension in the range of approximately 1-100 nanometres. At this scale, materials can exhibit properties significantly different from their bulk counterparts, including enhanced surface area, optical behaviour, electrical conductivity, magnetic properties and chemical reactivity.

Recent research has shifted from simply producing nanoparticles toward designing smart, multifunctional and sustainable nanomaterials for specific applications. Current directions include citrolled synthesis, green chemistry, artificial-intelligence-assisted material design, energy technologies, environmental remediation and biomedical applications.

Recent Developments in Nanomaterial Synthesis One major area of research is the development of efficient and environmentally friendly methods for synthesizing nanomaterials. Conventional physical and chemical methods can require high energy consumption or potentially harmful chemicals. Researchers are therefore investigating green and biological synthesis using plant extracts, microorganisms and renewable resources.

Modern synthesis increasingly combines physical, chemical, biological and green approaches. AI-assisted design, real-time monitoring and hybrid synthesis platforms are emerging as tools for improving reproducibility, scalability and sustainability.

Nanomaterials in Energy Storage and Conversion Nanomaterials are important in next-generation batteries, supercapacitors, fuel cells and solar-energy lems. Their large surface-to-volume ratio and tunable electronic properties can improve charge transfer and energy-storage performance. Carbon nanomaterials, quantum dots, perovskite nanocrystals and metal oxides are being investigated for energy harvesting and storage.

Nanomaterials in Medicine

Nanomedicine is one of the fastest-growing applications of nanotechnology. Nanoparticles can be engineered to carry therapeutic molecules and deliver thern to specific locations. Research includes targeted drug delivery, bio-imaging, biosensing, tissue engineering and cancer therapy. Stimuli-responsive nanomaterials can respond to pH, temperature or biological signals and release therapeutic substances when required.

Nanomaterials and Environmental Protection

Nanomaterials can support water purification, pollutant removal, photocatalysis, environmental sensing and wastewater treatment. Green-synthesized nanoparticles are particularly attractive because they can reduce the environmental impact of conventional synthesis. Their large surface area and chemical reactivity also make them useful for sensitive environmental sensors.

Emerging Area

High-Entropy Nanomaterials High-entropy nanomaterials contain several principal elements and offer a large compositional space for designing unusual structural, electronic and catalytic

properties. This is an emerging research area with potential applications in catalysis, energy and advanced functional materials.Role of Artificial Intelligence Artificial intelligence and machine learning are beginning to transform nanomaterial research. Instead of experimentally testing huge numbers of compositions and synthesis conditions, researchers can use computational models to predict promising materials and properties. This may reduce experimental time and cost while accelerating materials discovery.

Challenges and Safety Concerns

Nanomaterials also present challenges related to toxicity. environmental persistence, long-term safety, production cost, reproducibility and large-scale manufacturing. Careful assessment of biological and environmental effects is essential, particularly for materials intended for medical applications.

Future Perspectives

The future of nanomaterials is likely to focus on precision, sustainability and multifunctionality. The combination of nanotechnology with artificial intelligence, biotechnology, green chemistry and advanced manufacturing may accelerate next-generation materials. Responsible assessment of environmental and biological risks will be essential for practical deployment.

Conclusion

Nanomaterials have become an important foundation for developments in medicine, energy, environmental science and advanced electronics. The field is moving towards green synthesis. AI-assisted design, multifunctional systems and high-entropy materials. With interdisciplinary research and responsible development, nanomaterials can contribute significantly to solving technological, medical and environmental challenges.

Nancy
B.Sc. Assistant professor
Roll No. 1221291015003

Modern Satellite

The Physics of Modern Satellites: Explosing the Frontier of space Mechanics.An Artificial satellite is any human made object intentionally placed into orbit around a elestial body , such as earth. From a physics standpoint, a satellite is essential a projectile in a perpetual state of free fall. The field of satellite physics has recently witnessed ground breaking milestones, most notably the August 30, 2026 launch of **NASA's Nancy Grace Roman space telescope**. Launched abroad a space X falcon heavy rocket, this multi billion dollar satellite represents the pinnacle of modern orbital mechanics and astrophysics, designed to decide dark energy, dark matter and cosmic structures.

The fundamental Motion Physics Behind Satellite Motion

The mechanics governing how a newly launched satellite stays in space rests an classical physics, primarily established by "Sir Isaac Newton" .

Manisha
B.Sc. 3rd Year

Vivekita

2026-27



Mathematics Section

Editor

Dr. Satish Kumar

Associate Professor in Mathematics

Student Editor

Tannu

B.Sc. III Year



Editorial

"Mathematics is the most beautiful and most powerful creation of the human spirit"

- Stefan Banach

Mathematics is not merely numbers and formulas. It is a forcinating journey of logic creativity discovery and problem solving. It helps us to understand patterns in the world around us and develops the ability to think clearly and critically.

This magazines section is a celebration of the beauty and importance of mathematics. I invite all the students to explore its exciting world, enjoy solving challenges and discover that the mathematics can be both meaningful and fun. Through this magazine, we invite our young minds to explore questions and experience. The fascinating beauty of mathematics. Let us think, explore, calculate and create- because mathematics is everywhere!

I would like to extend my thanks to our principal Dr. Santosh Hooda and Cheif Editor Dr. Sunil Chauhan for supporting the production of this magazine, other editors and all the students for their whole hearted contribution and active participation to publish this magazine.

Dr. Satish Kumar

Associate Professor of Mathematics

Student Editorial

Mathematics in our Daily Life

Mathematics is not just a set of rigid formulas; it is a universal language that shapes how we understand the world around us. Math trains the brain to solve problems, think critically, and spot patterns in daily life. From the spiral of a sunflower to the architecture of bridges, numbers govern natural and human design. There is always something new and interesting to get involved with! Having a balance of research and teaching is also rewarding. Mathematics begins the moment we wake up and check the time on a clock. Modern technology like smartphones and the internet run entirely on mathematical code. Mathematics is a universal tool that helps us make sense of the world.Mathematics is an essential part of daily life that helps us manage time, money and problem-solving.

Manisha

B.Sc. 3rd year

Roll no. : 1242881005

The Mathematics Behind AI

Where Numbers Become Intelligence

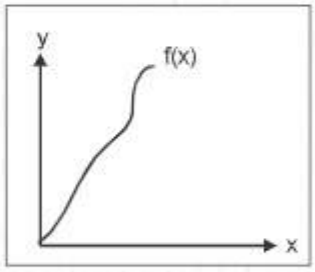
"AI may look like magic, But underneath are equations, patterns and mathematics"

When we ask an AI chatbot a question, receives a movie recommendation, the process can appear almost magical. But behind this apparent intelligence lies something much older than computers mathematics. Artificial Intelligence (AI) is essentially built on the ability of machines to find patterns in data, make predictions or improve their results. Mathematics provides the language and tools that makes this possible. Among the most important mathematical ideas behind AI are linear algebra, calculus, probability, statistics and optimization.

Linear Algebra : The Language of Data

A computer can't directly understand a picture, sentence or sound in the way humans do. These forms of information must first be converted into numbers. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$ This is where linear algebra becomes important. Vectors and matrices allow huge amount of information to be represented as a collection of numerical values. An AI system can then perform mathematical operation on these values to identify patterns such as shapes, edges and objects. The same basic idea is used when AI processes text, audio and other forms of data. In simple terms; linear algebra helps AI represent and manipulate information.

Calculus : How AI Learns

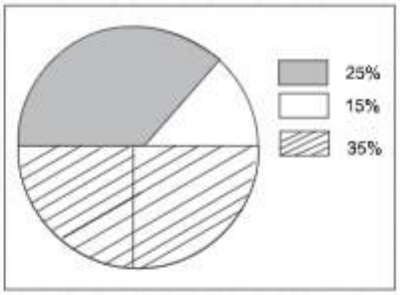


One of the most interesting questions about AI is : How does a machine improves its performance ? The answer involves calculus. During training, an AI model makes predictions and compares them with results. The difference is measured as error. Calculus helps determine how changing different parameters of the model affects this error. A key idea is the gradient – a mathematical tool that indicates the direction in which the model should change to reduce is error. Techniques based on the such as gradient descent, allow an AI model gradually improves its predictions. So, while an doesn't "learn exactly like a human, mathematics gives it a mathematic way to learn from its mistakes.

Probability and Statistics : Making Decisions with Uncertainity

Real world information is rarely perfect. Data can be incomplete, noisy or uncertain. AI therefore needs mathematics that can deal with uncertainity. This is where probability and statistics

come into play. Suppose an AI system is aksed whether an email is likely to be spam. It doesn't simply know the answer with absolute certainty. Instead, it examines patterns in data and calculates how likely different possibilities are. Statistics helps AI discover relationships and patters is large datasets, while probability helps it estimate possible outcomes.



Optimization : Finding a Better Answer

Imagine an AI model with thousands or even millions of adjustable parameters. How can it determine the values that produce the best result? This is optimization problem. Optimization techniques allow AI systems to search for parameter values that minimize errors or maximize performance.

Conclusion

Artificial intelligence may seem like one of the most futuristic achievements of modern technology, but its foundation is surprisingly familiar. Numbers, equations, patterns and logical reasoning form the inuisible structure beneath it.Mathematics does not make machines humans. Instead, it gives machines a way to represent information, recognize patterns, measure errors and improve their decisions."AI may be the technology of the future, but maths is the language that makes that future possible".

Divya Sharma

B.Sc. IInd Year

Roll No. 1252881005

Importance of Mathematics

Mathematics is one of the most important subject in our life. It is not limited to addition. Subtraction. Multiplication and division. We use mathematics in almost every activity of our daily life. From checking the time in the morning to calculating expenses at night. Mathematics is always present around us. If helps us count money, measure distance, calculate time and understand quantities.

Mathematics develops our ability to think logically and solve problems. When we solve a mathematical problem. We have to follow certain steps and choose the correct method. This develops our reasoning power, concentration and decision-making ability. Regular practice of mathematics also makes our mind more active and disciplined.

Mathematics in Daily Life

Mathematics has great importance in our everyday life. When we go to a market. We use mathematics to calculate the price of different things, finds the total amount and check the change received. We also use mathematics while preparing a household budget and keeping records of our expenses.

Time management is another important use of mathematics. We calculate how much time is needed for travelling, studying, working and completing different activities. Students also use mathematics while preparing their study time table and managing their examination time.

Mathematics in Education

Mathematics has an important place in education It teachers students how to understand a problem and find its solution in a systematics way. It improves logical thinking and helps students develop a scientific attitude. Mathematics is also connected with many other subjects. Science, Economics, commerce, computer science and Engineering all require mathematical knowledge. Therefore, learning mathematics is useful not only for examinations but also for higher education and future careers.

Mathematics in Different Fields

Mathematics is used in almost every profession. Engineers use it to design buildings, bridges and machines. Architects use measurement and geometrical calculations while designing houses and other structures. Business people use mathematics to calculate profit, loss, expense and sales. Banks use mathematics to calculate interest, loans, savings and transactions. Scientists use mathematical calculation and statistics to conduct experiment and analyse results. Doctors and researchers also use numerical data to understand various reports and studies.

Mathematics in the Modern World

We live in an age of science and technology, computers, mobile phones, the internet, artificial intelligence and space research all depend greatly on mathematics. Mathematical concepts are used in programming data analysis. Communication technology and scientific research. Modern technology has made out lives easier, but behind many of these technology are mathematical principles and calculations. As technology continues to develop, the importance of mathematics will also continue to increase.

Conclusion

In conclusion, mathematics is essential part of out life. It does not only teach us calculations but also develops logical thinking, problem solving skills, concentration. Patience and discipline. From our daily activities to education, business, science and technology, mathematics plays an important role everywhere.

Anjali & Muskan
B.A. 1st Semester
Roll no. 1260264045/42

Women in Mathematics : Challenges Achievements and Future Opportunities

Mathematics is one of the most oldest and most important fields of knowledge. It plays a major role in science, technology, economics, education and everyday life. Although mathematics has traditionally been considered a male dominated field, women have made remarkable contributions to it. Their journey has involved many challenges, but their achievements have shown that mathematical talent has no gender.

Challenges Faced by Women

For Centuries, women had limited opportunities to receive formula education. Social traditions and gender discrimination often prevented them from studying mathematics and pursuing academic careers. Even when women demonstrated exceptional talent, they were sometimes denight recognition or opportunities available to men.

Women also faced difficulties in entering universities, research, institutions and professional, organisations. These barriers made it difficult for many talented women to develop their mathematical carriers.

Remarkable Achievements : Despite these challenges, many women have made significant contribution to mathematics.

Hypatia of Alexandria : Was one of the earliest well-known women associated with mathematics and philosophy. She taught mathematics and astronomy and became a symbol of women's intellectual achievements.

Emmy Noether : made outstanding contribution to abstract algebra and mathematical physics. Her work became fundamental to modern mathematics and theoretical physics.

Maryam Mirzakhani : An Iranian mathematician, became the first women to receive fields modal in 2014, one of the highest honors in mathematics. Her achievement was an important milestone for women mathematician throughout the world.

India has also producted talented women mathematician. Raman Parimala is internationally reconised for her work in Algebra particularly in the theory of quadratic forms and related areas.

Opportunities For the Future :

Today, educational opportunities for women have increased significantly. Scholarships universities, research institutions and organization are encouraging girls and women to study mathematics and related subjects.

Conclusion

The history of women in mathematics is a story of courage talent and perservance. Women have overcome social and educational barriers to make contributions to mathematics and science. There achievements demonstrate that ability is not limited by gender.

The goal for future should not simply be to increase the number of women studying mathematics, but to create an environment where every student can pursue mathematical interest without discrimination.

When Women and men receive equal opportunities mathematics become richer, more diverse and more innovative

Varsha
B.A. 2nd Year
Roll no. 1250264037

Mathematics in Our Everyday Life

Mathematics is an important part of our daily life. We use maths everyday, even when we don't notice it. It is not only a subject that we study in school or college but it also helps us in many daily activities. It makes our daily work easier and more organized.

Mathematics is daily life

We use mathematics when we check the time, make a timetable or plan our daily work. We also use it while cooking to measure the quantity of ingredients. This show that mathematics is connected with many simple activities.

Mathematics in shopping

It is very useful while shopping. We calculate the price of different things find discounts and check the total amount. We also use addition, subtraction, multiplication and division while making payments.

Mathematics in Science and Technology

It is an important part of science and technology, computers, mobile phones, machines, buindings and many other technologies use mathematical calculation. Modern technology would be very difficult to develop without mathematics.

Mathematics and logical thinking

Mathematics improves our thinking and problem solving skills. It teaches us to solve problems step by step and make decisions carefully. It also make us more accurate and organized. It helps us develop patience and confidence while solving difficult problems.Conclusion :Therefore, mathematics is not just a subject, but a useful part of our everyday life, learning mathematics helps us understand the world and solve many problem in a simple way.

Rishika
B.A. 2nd Year
Roll No. : 1250264158

Euler's Identity:

Euler's Identity : The most Beautiful Equation in mathematics.

If mathematics had a poetry section, Euler's identity would be its sonnet.Written as

$$e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0$$

- e (the base of natural logarithms)
- i (the imaginary unit)
- π (the ratio of a circle's circumference to its diameter)
- 1, and
- 0

Leonhard Euler first presented this reaction in the 18th century while exploring complex numbers and infinite series. The key insight comes from Euler's formula :

$$e^{i\theta} = \cos\theta + I\sin\theta$$

$$e^{i\pi} = -1$$

What makes it so striking is not just the elegance of the symbols but the unexpected marriage of ideas. Exponential growth, circular geometry, and the "imaginary" number I (once dismissed as absurd) turn out to be intimately connected. The identity shows that the real and complex worlds are not separate realms but different faces of the some mathematical landscape.

For students, Euler's identity is a perfect reminder that mathematics is not a collection of isolated tricks. Behind the symbols lie deep structural relationships that keep revealing themselves across centuries. It also illustrates why pure mathematics often feels almost artistic : the most powerful results frequently posses and a strange, inevitable beauty.

Next time you see e, I or π on a blackboard, remember that they once danced together in one of the most elegant equations ever written. In that quiet equality lies a profound statement about the unity of mathematical thought.

Vandana
B.Sc. 3rd Year

The Infinite Hotel : Hilbert's Paradox and the Strange Nature of Infinity

Imagine a hotel with infinitely many rooms, every one of them occupied. A new guest arrives. Is there space? Suprisingly, yes. The manger simply moves the guest from Room 1 to Room 2. The guest from Room 2 into Room 3 and so on. Every count gets a new room and Room 1 becomes free form the newcomer.

This is Hilbert's Hotel a though experiment desired by german mathematical David Hilbert to illustrate the counter intuitive, properties of infinite sets. Unlike finite collections, an infinite set can be put into one to one correspondence with a proper subset or itself. The natural numbers, for example can be paired perfectly with even numbers. $1 \rightarrow 2, 2 \rightarrow 4, 3 \rightarrow 6, \ldots..$

Hilbert's Hotel becomes even stranger when infinitely many new guest arrive. The manager can free up infinitely many rooms by moving every guest from n Room to 2nd Room. All the odd numbered rooms are vacant, ready for new arrivals. The same idea extends further : the hotel accommodate infinitely many passangers, by using clever bisections with the natural numbers.

Priyanshi
B.Sc. 3rd year

Mathematics : The Language of the Universe

Mathematics is much more than numbers, formulas and calculations. It is a beautiful language that helps us understand the world around us. From the movement of planets to the design of buildings, mathematics is present everywhere.

Mathematics in Everyday Life

We us mathematics everyday, often without realizing it. We calculate time, money, distance, speed, discounts, percentages, and measurements. Engineers uses mathematics to construct bridges and buildings, while scientists use it to study nature and spce.

Even art and music have mathematical patterns. Symmetry, shapes, rhythms and proportions show how closely mathematics is connected with creativity.

The Magic numbers

Numbers have fascinating properties. For example, O represents nothing but plays a very important role in our no. system. Prime no. can only be divided exactly by 1 and themselves and they are important in modern computer security.The Fibonacci sequence – 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13 is another interesting example. Similar patterns can be found nature, such as the arrangement of leaves, flowers and some shells.

Mathematics and Technology

Modern technology depends heavily on mathematics. Computers, mobile phones, artificial intelligence, GPS, digital payments and internet security all use mathematical concepts.Without mathematics, many of the technologies we depend on today would not exist.

Conclusion

Mathematics is everywhere- from the smallest calculation to the Vastness of the universe. It connects science, technology, nature art and everyday life.

As Galileo Galileo famously expressed, the universe can be understand through mathematics. So, instead of seeing mathematics as merely a difficult subject, we should see it as a fascinating tool for discovering and understanding the world.

"Mathematics is not about numbers, it is about understanding patterns, relationship and possibilities".

Neha
B.Sc. 3rd Year
Roll No. : 1242881012

Mathematics : More than Just Numbers .....

When we hear the word mathematics many of us immediately think of formulas, equations, difficult calculations and long questions. For some students, mathematics is their favourite subject while for others, it is a subject they would rather avoid. But mathematics is much more than what we see in our textbooks. It is a part of our everyday life.

From the moment we wake up, mathematics quietly becomes a part of our routine. We look at the time, calculate how long it will take to reach college, decide how much money to spend, compare prices while shopping, and even measure ingredients while cooking . We may not notice it, but numbers and calculations are present almost everywhere.

Mathematics also teaches us something beyond solving questions. It teaches us how to think. When we face a difficult problem, mathematics encourages us to break it into smaller parts, understand the information given , and find a logical way to reach the answer. This habit of thinking can help us not only in academics but also in real-life situations.

One of the most beautiful things about mathematics is that there can be many different ways to reach the same answer. A problem that looks impossible at first may become simple when we look at it from a different angle. This teaches us an important lesson : sometimes, the problem is not impossible; we simply need a new approach.

Mathematics is also closely connected with other fields. Science, engineering, architecture, economics, computer science, technology and even art use mathematical ideas. The buildings around us, the technology in our smartphones, the graphics in video games and the systems that make the internet work-all involves mathematics in some form.

However, mathematics is not always about getting the correct answer immediately making mistakes is also a part of learning it. A wrong answer can show us where our thinking went wrong and help us improve. In this way, mathematics teaches patience, accuracy, and perseverance.

Perhaps the most important lesson mathematics gives us is that every problem has a solution, even if it takes time to find it. Sometimes the solution is not obvious, and sometimes we may need to try several methods before we succeed. That is true not only for mathematical problems but also for life.

So, the next time you see a mathematical equation, don't look at it as just a collection of numbers and symbols. Think of it as a small puzzle waiting to be understood. Mathematics is not merely a subject we study for examinations- it is a language of logic, a tool for understanding the world, and a way of training our minds to think better.

In the end, mathematics is not just about finding "X", it is also about finding a way forward.

Sneha
B.Sc. 3rd Year
Roll No. : 1242881010

Vivekita

2026-27



हिन्दी विभाग

सम्पादिका

डॉ. अनिता

सहायक प्राध्यापिका

विद्यार्थी सम्पादिका

तन्नु



प्रिय विद्यार्थियों।

महाविद्यालय की वार्षिक पत्रिका का प्रकाशन हम सभी के लिए हर्ष एवं गौरव का विषय है। यह पत्रिका केवल रचनाओं का संकलन नहीं, बल्कि हमारे महाविद्यालय की शैक्षणिक, सांस्कृतिक एवं सृजनात्मक गतिविधियों का दर्पण है। इसमें विद्यार्थियों की प्रतिभा, कल्पनाशीलता, संवेदनशीलता और अभिव्यक्ति को एक सशक्त मंच प्रदान करने का प्रयाय किया गया है।

शिक्षा का उद्देश्य केवल पुस्तकीय ज्ञान अर्जित करना नहीं, बल्कि विद्यार्थियों में विवेक, संवेदनशीलता, आत्मविश्वास, रचनात्मक और मानवीय मूल्यों का विकास करना भी है। आज का युग तीव्र परिवर्तन और तकनीकी प्रगति का युग है। ऐसे समय में हमारी युवा पीढ़ी के लिए आवश्यक है कि वह आधुनिक ज्ञान एवं तकनीक को अपनाने के साथ-साथ अपनी भाषा, संस्कृति, परंपराओं और नैतिक मूल्यों से भी जुड़ी रहे।

हमारे विभाग का सदैव यह प्रयास रहा है कि छात्राओं में अध्ययन के प्रति रूचि उत्पन्न करने के साथ-साथ उनकी सृजनात्मक प्रतिभा को प्रोत्साहित किया जाए। कविता, कहानी, लेख, संस्मरण, निबंध, चित्रकला तथा अन्य रचनात्मक विधाएँ विद्यार्थियों के अंतर्मन को अभिव्यक्ति प्रदान करती है। इस पत्रिका में प्रकाशित प्रत्येक रचना अपने आप में एक विचार, एक अनुभव और एक संवेदना को अभिव्यक्त करती है।

मुझे विश्वास है कि यह पत्रिका छात्राओं को अपनी प्रतिभा पहचानने, उसे निखारने और समाज के समक्ष प्रस्तुत करने के लिए प्रेरित करेगी। उनकी रचनात्मक उर्जा ही हमारे महाविद्यालय को वास्तविक शक्ति है।

इस पत्रिका के सफल प्रकाशन में योगदान देने वाली सभी छात्राओंख शिक्षको, संपादकीय समिति तथा सहयोगी सदस्यों में हार्दिक बधाई एवं शुभकामनाएं प्रेषित करती हूँ। आशा है कि यह प्रयास भविष्य में भी निरंतर जारी रहेगा और हमारी छात्राएँ ज्ञान, सृजन एवं संस्कार के पथ पर आगे बढ़ते हुए महाविद्यालय तथा समाज का नाम रोशन करेंगी।

धन्यवाद।

डॉ. अनिता

हिन्दी विभागाध्यक्ष



प्रिय सहपाठी।

''शिक्षा वह दीपक है, जो स्वयं जलकर दूसरों के जीवन को प्रकाशित करता है।''

हमारे महाविद्यालय की पत्रिका विद्यार्थियों की प्रतिभा, रचनात्मकता, विचारों और संवेदनाओं का सुंदर प्रतिबिंब है। यह केवल रचनाओं का संग्रह नहीं, बल्कि हमारे युवा मन की कल्पनाओं, सपनों और अनुभवों को अभिव्यक्ति देने वाला सशक्त मंच है।

आज का विद्यार्थी तकनीक के युग में जी रहा है। मोबाइल और इंटरनेट ने ज्ञान की दुनिया को हमारी उंगलियों तक पहुँचा दिया है, लेकिन पुस्तकों और पत्रिकाओं का महत्व आज भी कम नहीं हुआ है। पढ़ने की आदत हमें केवल जानकारी नहीं देती, बल्कि हमारी भाषा, विचारशक्ति, कल्पनाशीलता और दृष्टिकोण को भी समृद्ध करती है। इसलिए हमें तकनीक का उपयोग ज्ञान और विकास के साधन के रूप में करना चाहिए, न कि उसका दास बनना चाहिए।

इस पत्रिका के माध्यम से विद्यार्थियों ने अपनी लेखनी और रचनात्मकता को नई उड़ान देने का प्रयास किया है। इसमें कविताएँ, लेख, कहानियाँ, विचार, और विभिन्न रचनात्मक अभिव्यक्तियाँ हमारे विद्यार्थियों की विविध प्रतिभाओं को सामने लाती हैं। प्रत्येक रचना अपने भीतर एक विचार, एक भावना और एक संदेश समेटे हुए है।

एक छात्र-संपादक के रूप में मेरा विश्वास है कि शिक्षा का वास्तविक उद्देश्य केवल परीक्षा में अच्छे अंक प्राप्त करना नहीं, बल्कि एक संवेदनशीलता, जिम्मेदार और जागरूक नागरिक बनना है। हमें अपने सपनों को लक्ष्य में और लक्ष्य को निरंतर परिश्रम से उपलब्धि में बदलना चाहिए।

अंत में मैं महाविद्यालय की प्राचार्या महोदया, समस्त शिक्षकगण और उन सभी विद्यार्थियों के प्रति हार्दिक आभार व्यक्त करती हूँ, जिनके सहयोग और उत्साह से यह पत्रिका संभव हो सकी। आशा है कि यह पत्रिका प्रत्येक पाठक के मन में कुछ नया सोचने, सीखने और सृजन करने की प्रेरणा स्त्रोत रहेगी।

तन्नु

विद्यार्थी सम्पादिका

मंजिल

मुसाफिर को राह में सोने नही देती।
ये तड़प है मंजिल की, जो रात भर सोने नहीं देती।।
निगाहों को नम होने नहीं देती,
स्वप्नों को ओझल होने नहीं देती।
ये तड़प है मंजिल की, जो रात भर सोने नहीं देती।।
मुस्कान को मंद होने नहीं देती,
ये तपिक्ष है तुझे पाने की,
जो रात को सोने नहीं देती।
उठती ख्वाहिशों को दफन होने नहीं देती।
तु नशा है, मंजिल जो रात को सोने नहीं देती।।
जालिम हवाओं का रूख मोड़ने नहीं देती,
कोशिशों को मंद होने नहीं देती।
ये तड़प है मंजिल की, जो रात को सोने नहीं देती।

Rahisha
M.A. Ist year Hindi
Roll No. : 50

बचपन का जमाना

जिसमें खुशियों का खजाना था।
चाहत चाँद को पाने की थी,
पर दिल तितली का दीवाना था।

खबर ना थी कुछ सुबह की, ना शाम का ठिकाना था।
थक कर आना स्कूल से, पर खेलने भी जाना था।

माँ की कहानी थी, परीयों का फसाना था।
बारीश में कागज की नाव थी, हर मौसम सुहाना था।

हर खेल में साथी थे, हर रिश्ता निभाना था।
गम की जुबान ना होती थी, ना जख्मों का पैमाना था।

Rinki
M.A. Ist year Hindi
Roll N o. : 08

गुरू का ज्ञान

जंजीर को तोड़ दिया है, घर वालों को छोड़ दिया है
ताकि पूरा विश्व एक परिवार हो,
अत: अब सब समय पर छोड़ दिया ।

गुरू ने दिया है ऐसा ज्ञान,
कहते हैं हम खुद को भगवान,
जिससे होती दुनिया परेशान,
करना चाहती हमारा अपमान

सोचती है हमारे बारे में, न करती विश्राम,
जिससे मिलता हमें आराम
कि सोचती तो है, चाहे करे कोई भी काम

आएगा ऐसा समय भी जब दुनिया हमें खोजेगी।
अपने मन में सोचेगी,
कि अब पास थे, तो न किया उनका सम्मान,
करते थे उनका अपमान।
अब वे ही अपना सब कुछ देकर,
लेना चाहते हमारा ज्ञान।

Rahisha
M.A. Ist year Hindi
Roll No. : 50

शून्य

इंसान एक शून्य से आता है,
और शून्य में ही विलीन हो जाता है

मगर सारी उमर वो शून्य से ही भागता रहता है
सब कुछ पा लेने के बाद भी
उसके हाथ में रह जाता है
सिर्फ शून्य

क्यूंकि हकीकत में इंसान शून्य की ही तो
पैदाइश है .....

Bhawna
M.A. Ist year Hindi
Roll N o. : 2251788014

जीवन यात्रा

पूछा जो मैंने एक दिन खुदा से,
अंदर मेरे ये कैसा शोर है,
हंसा मुझ पर फिर बोला,
चाहतें तेरी कुछ और थी,
पर तेरा रास्ता कुछ और है,
रूह को संभालना था तुझे,
पर सूरत सँवारने पर तेरा जोर हैं,
खुला आसमान, चांद, तेरा चाहत हैं तारें,
पर बन्द दीवारों को सजाने पर तेरा जोर है,
सपने देखता है खुली फिज़ाओं के,
पर बड़े शहरों में बसने की कोशिश पुरजोर है ....

Monika Singh
Class – M.A. 2nd year
Roll No. – 2241788009

शायरी

''कभी फूलों की तरह मत जीना,
जिस दिन खिलोगे, बिखर जाओगे,
जीना है तो पत्थर बन के जियो,
किसी दिन तराशें गए तो, खुदा बन जाओगे।

Neetu
Class – M.A. 2nd year
Roll No. – 2241788026

चुटकुला

सजनी... अपनी जुल्फों को जरा संवार भी लिया करो?।

पत्नी : शरमाते हुए : आप भी ना ....

पति : ''माँ कसम अगर अगली बार खाने में बाल आ गया

तो सजनी से गजनी बना दूंगा....।

Neetu
Class – M.A. 2nd year
Roll No. – 2241788026

बेटी

जब-जब जन्म लेती है बेटी,
खुशियाँ साथ लाती है बेटी।
ईश्वर की सौगात है बेटी,
सुबह की पहली किरण है बेटी।
तारों की शीतल छाया है बेटी,
आंगन की चिड़ियाँ है बेटी।
त्याग और समपर्ण सिखाती है बेटी,
नये-नये रिश्ते बनाती है बेटी।
जिस घर जाए, उजाला लाती है बेटी,
बार-बार याद आती है बेटी।
बेटी की कीमत उनसे पूछों,
जिसके पास नहीं है बेटी।

Nancy
Class – M.A. 2nd Year
Roll No. – 2241788017

शिक्षक

जीवन में जो राह दिखाए,
सही तरह चलना सिखाए।
मात-पिता से पहले आता,
जीवन में सदा आदर पाता।

सबको मान प्रतिष्ठा जिससे,
सीखी कर्तव्यनिष्ठा जिससे।
कभी रहा न दूर मैं जिससे,
वह मेरा को भाता,
वह मेरा शिक्षक कहलाता।

कभी है शांत, कभी है धीर,
स्वभाव में सदा गंभीर।
मन में दबी रहे ये इच्छा,
काश मैं उस जैसा बन पाता।
जो मेरा शिक्षक कहलाता।

Monika
Class – M.A. 2nd Year Hindi
Roll No. – 2241788015

ख्वाब

इंसान कई तरह के ख्वाब देखता है
कुछ, पूरे होकर हकीकत बन जाते है
और कुछ अधूरे रहकर
सुनहरी यादों में बदल जाते हैं।

कभी कुछ यादें, धुंधली हो जाती है
कभी कुछ बातें, अधूरी रह जाती है।
और कभी, बिना कुछ कहें ही, मोहब्बत कबूल हो जाती है।

कुछ बातें, कुछ यादें और कुछ लोग,
और उनसे बने रिश्तें कभी भुलाए नहीं जा सकतें।

Ritu
Class – M.A. 2nd year, Hindi
Roll No. – 2241788030

माँ पर शायरी

तेरी गोद में चैन है पाया,
तेरे आँचल ने सब कुछ सिखाया।
हर दुःख में तू ढाल बनी,
हर दर्द में तू हाल बनी।

नींद तेरी तब आती थी,
जब मैं हंसकर सो जाता था।
भूख तुझे तब लगती थी,
जब मेरा पेट भर जाता था।

तूने सपने बोए थे आँखों में,
तूने राह दिखाई थी कांटो में।
तेरी डाट में भी प्यार छिपा,
तेरे आँसू में आशीर्वाद लिखा।

माँ तू धरती माँ तू अंबर,
तेरे बिना सब सूना अंतर।
तेरी ममता की कोई मिसाल नहीं,
तेरे जैसा कोई माल नहीं।

Nidhi
Class – B.A. 1st year (2nd Sem.)
Roll No. – 1250264124

सच्चा दोस्त

जिंदगी के सफर में, एक प्यारा सा साथी होता है,
हर मुश्किल में जो साथ निभाए
वहीं सच्चा दोस्त होता है।

खुशी के पल हो या दुख की घड़ी,
जो हमेशा साथ खड़ा रहें, वही है असली यारी बड़ी।

कभी हंसाता है, कभी रूलाता है,
पर हर हाल में दिल को संभालता है।

जब दुनिया साथ छोड़ जाती है,
तब दोस्त ही एक रोशनी बन जाता है।

ना जाने कितनी बातें होती हैं,
जो सिर्फ दोस्त ही समझ पाता है।
बिना कहें ही दिल की बात,
वहीं तो सबसे अच्छे से जानता हैं।

लड़ते भी हैं, झगड़ते भी हैं,
पर बिना एक-दूसरे के रह नहीं पाते हैं।
यह रिश्ता ही कुछ ऐसा होता है,
जो दिल से जुड़ा होता है।

ना पैसा देखता है, ना शान,
दोस्ती में बस होता है एक सच्चा अरमान।
साथ जीने का, साथ हँसने का,
हर पल को यादगार बनाने का,

इस दुनियाँ में सब कुछ मिल जाता है,
पर सच्चा दोस्त मुश्किल से मिलता है।

जिसने दोस्ती का असली मतलब समझा,
उसने ही जीवन को सच में जी लिया।

Sarika Lohchab
Class – B.A. 1st Year
Roll No. – 1250264011

बचपन

एक बचपन का जमाना था,
जिसमें खुशियों का खजाना था।
चाहत चाँद को पाने की थी,
पर दिल तितली का दिवाना था...
खबर ना थी कुछ सुबहा की,
ना शाम का ठिकाना था...
थक कर आना स्कूल से,
फिर खेलने भी जाना था,
माँ की कहानी थी,
परियों का फसाना था...
बारिश में कागज की नाव थी,
हर मौसम सुहाना था...
रोने की कोई वजह ना थी,
ना हँसने का बहाना था...
क्युँ हो गऐ हम इतने बड़े,
इससे अच्छा तो वो बचपन का जमाना था...
वो बचपन का जमाना था।

Radha
Class – B.A.Ist (History Hons.)
Roll No. - 1252331009

कुछ करना है डट कर चल

कुछ करना है, तो डटकर चल।
थोड़ा दुनिया से हटकर चल।।
लीक पर तो सभी चल लेते हैं।
कभी इतिहास को पलटकर चल।।
बिना काम के मुकाम कैसा?
बिना मेहनत के दाम कैसा?
जब तक न हांसिल हो मंजिल
तो राह में, आराम कैसा?
अरजुन सा, निशाना रख।
मन में, ना कोई बहाना रख।?
लक्ष्य सामने है, बस उसी पें
अपना ठिकाना रख।।
सोच मत, साकार कर।
अपने कर्मों से प्यार कर।
मिलेगा तेरी मेहनत का फल।
किसी और का न इंतजार कर।।

Sania
B.A. 1st year
Roll No.-1250264197

कविता

लोग कहते हैं, हम मुस्कुराते बहुत हैं, और हम थक गए दर्द छुपाते-छुपाते।
अच्छे ने अच्छा और बुरे ने बुरा जाना, मुझे क्यों की जिसकी जितनी जरूरत थी, उसने उतना ही पहचाना मुझे...
जिन्दगी का फलसफा भी, कितना अजीब है, जीत जाओ तो कई अपने पीछे छूट जाते हैं,
और हार जाओ तो अपने पीछे छोड़ जाते हैं....
बैठ जाता हूँ मिट्टी पे अक्सर, क्योंकि मुझे अपनी औकार अच्छी लगती है,
मैंने समंदर से सीखा है जीने का सलीका, चुपचाप से बहना और अपनी मौज में रहना...
ऐसा नहीं की मुझमें कोई ऐब नहीं है, पर सच कहता हूँ मुझमें कोई फरेब नहीं है,
जल जाते हैं मेरे अंदाज से मेरे दुश्मन, क्योंकि एक मुद्दत से मैंने, न मोहब्बत बदली और न दोस्त बदले हैं...
एक घड़ी खरीदकर हाथ में क्या बांध ली, वक्त पीछे ही पड़ गया मेरे,
सोचा था घर बनाकर बैठूंगा सुकून से, पर घर की जरूरतों ने मुसाफिर बना डाला मुझे...
सुकून की बात मत कर ऐ गालिब, बचपन वाला इतवार अब नहीं आता,
जीवन की भाग दौड़ में क्यूँ वक्त के साथ,रंगत खो जाती है?
हँसती-खेलती जिन्दगी भी आम हो जाती है...
कितने दूर निकल गए रिश्तों को निभाते-निभाते, खुद को खो दिया हमने अपनों को पाते पाते,
लोग कहते हैं हम मुस्कुराते बहुत है, और हम थक गए दर्द छुपाते-छुपाते..
खुश हूँ और सबको खुश रखती हूँ, लापरवाह हूँ फिर भी सब की परवाह करती हूँ।

Name - Aarti
Class - B.A.1st year (History Hons.)
Roll No.-1252331015

Vivekita

2026-27

"ऋते ज्ञानात् न मुक्तिः"

Art : English Section

Editor

Dr. Pritam

Associate Professor

Student Editor

Chanchal Sharma

Student Editor

B.A 2nd Year, 1230264114



English Editor Message

It gives me immense pleasure to present the English Section of our college magazine, a space where young minds find their voice and creativity finds its expression.

In an age dominated by mobile phones and rapidly changing digital content, the habit of reading is becoming increasingly important. Reading teaches us to pause, reflect, imagine, and understand the world beyond the screen. It enriches our language, strengthens our thoughts, and opens the doors to knowledge and creativity. A magazine, therefore, is not merely a collection of writings; it is a celebration of ideas, imagination, and the power of words.

The contributions presented in this section reflect the enthusiasm, talent, and diverse perspectives of our students. Through poems, articles, essays, stories, and creative expressions, they have demonstrated that the written word continues to inspire and connect us.

I sincerely appreciate the valuable guidance and encouragement of our respected Principal, whose support has been instrumental in bringing this magazine to fruition. I also extend my heartfelt appreciation to all the faculty members and students who contributed their time, ideas, and creativity.

I hope this magazine encourages our readers to cultivate the habit of reading, express themselves confidently, and use technology wisely. Let us remember that "A phone may connect us to the world, but a book connects us to ourselves."

Dr. Pritam
Department of English

The Student's Great Adventure

AdventureI woke up late one morning bright,
My alarm had lost the fight.

I rushed to class with messy hair, And found my teacher waiting there!

"Why are you late?" the teacher said, I thought of excuses in my head.

"The traffic was terrible, Ma'am!" Though I had walked from my exam.

I opened up my notebook wide, But found no notes hidden inside.

I looked at friends with hopeful eyes, They looked at me-what a surprise!

Then came the test, my greatest fear, The questions seemed to disappear.

I read the first one, then the next, And suddenly forgot the text!

I wrote an answer long and smart, Though I wasn't sure where to start.

I added lines with great delight, Hoping quantity would make it right.

At lunch, I proudly took my seat, Dreaming of something good to eat.

I opened my box-and what did I see?

A single roti staring at me! By evening, tired and full of pain, I promised, "Tomorrow I'll study again!

"But then my phone began to ring-And there went my plans for everything!

So if you ask me, "What's college life?"I'll say, "It's laughter mixed with strife.

A little study, a lot of fun-And somehow, the semester gets done!"

Himani
B.A. 1st Year
Roll no. 1250264094

The Little Stars

A child is a smile, a dream, a song,

A little heart where hopes belong.

With curious eyes and fearless feet,

They find a world both bright and sweet.

A child can turn a house to light,

And make the darkest day feel bright.

A simple laugh, a gentle hand, Can bring new joy we understand.

They ask a thousand questions each day,

And learn by touching, trying, play.

In every mistake, in every fall,

They find a lesson, learn it all.

Give them a book, give them a chance,

Give them the freedom to dream and dance.

Give them love, protection, and care,

And let them grow without despair.

For every child beneath the sun Deserves a childhood full of fun.

Let every little dream take flight,

And let their future shine with light.

Children are tomorrow's morning rays,

The hope that brightens our days.

If we nurture them with love and care,

Rishika
B.A. 2nd Year
Roll no. 1250264158

A Song Of Nature

The morning sun begins to rise,
Painting golden roads across the skies.
The gentle breeze begins to play,
And wakes the flowers with its sway.
The trees stand tall in silent grace,
While birds fill the air with songs of praise.
The rivers flow with a silver glow,
Carrying dreams wherever they go.
The mountains touch the endless blue,
The clouds sail slowly, fresh with dew.
The green fields dance beneath the rain,
And life awakens once again.
Nature speaks, but makes no sound,
In every leaf, its peace is found.
It teaches us to live and share,
To value life and learn to care.
But forests fall and rivers dry,
While smoke and waste darken the sky.
If we continue to ignore her cry,
The beauty we love may slowly die.
So let us plant a tree today,
Keep our rivers clean and skies bright and gay.
Let every heart make one pledge true—

Bhumika
B.A. 1st Year
Roll no. 1250264119

Misuse of Mobile Phones : A Growing Concern

Mobile phones have become an essential part of modern life. They have transformed the way we communicate, study, work, and entertain ourselves. With a single device, we can access information, attend online classes, connect with people across the world, and perform many daily tasks. However, when mobile phones are used without control or purpose, they can become a source of serious problems.

One of the major concerns is excessive use of social media and entertainment applications. Many young people spend hours scrolling through short videos, playing games, or checking social media notifications. What begins as a few minutes of entertainment can gradually become a habit that consumes valuable time. As a result, students may neglect their studies, hobbies, physical activities, and responsibilities.

Excessive mobile phone use can also affect concentration. Constant notifications and the habit of frequently checking the phone make it difficult to focus on a book, lecture, conversation, or important task. Instead of using technology as a tool, a person may slowly become dependent on it.

Varsha
B.A. II
1250264037

Women In India : The Struggle for Dignity and Equality

India has made remarkable progress in education, technology, science, and economic development. Yet, behind this progress lies a reality that cannot be ignored: many women continue to face discrimination, violence, inequality, and social restrictions. The suffering of women is not merely a women's issue; it is a social issue that affects the progress of the entire nation.

From childhood, girls may experience unequal treatment in matters of education, nutrition, freedom, and opportunities. In some families, traditional beliefs still place greater importance on sons, while daughters are expected to accept limitations and responsibilities without question. Although these attitudes are changing, they continue to affect the lives of many women, particularly in disadvantaged communities.

Education is one of the strongest means of empowering women. An educated woman is better equipped to understand her rights, make informed decisions, become financially independent, and contribute to her family and society. However, financial difficulties, early marriage, household responsibilities, and social restrictions...

Annu
B.A. Ist Year
1250264047

Education & Knowledge

1. "Education is the most powerful weapon which you can use to change the world."

   — Nelson Mandela
2. "The roots of education are bitter, but the fruit is sweet." — Aristotle
3. "An investment in knowledge pays the best interest." —Benjamin Franklin
4. "The beautiful thing about learning is that nobody can take it away from you." — B. B. King

Life & Success

1. "The only way to do great work is to love what you do." - Steve Jobs
2. "Success is not final; failure is not fatal: it is the courage to continue that counts.

   -Winston Churchill
3. "It does not matter how slowly you go as long as you do not stop." Confucius
4. "Believe you can and you're halfway there." Theodore Roosevelt

Himani

B.A. 1st Year

Roll no. 1250264180

Proverbs on Knowledge & Education

1. Knowledge is power. Knowledge gives us strength and confidence.
2. Practice makes perfect. Regular practice improves our skills.
3. A little knowledge is a dangerous thing. Limited knowledge can lead to wrong conclusions.
4. Learning is a treasure that will follow its owner everywhere. Education remains valuable throughout life.

Proverbs on Life

1. Where there is a will, there is a way. – Determination helps us find a solution.
2. Every cloud has a silver lining. – There is something positive in every difficult situation.
3. Time and tide wait for no man. – Time never stops for anyone.
4. Life is what you make it. – Our choices and actions shape our lives.
5. All good things must come to an end. – Nothing lasts forever.

Devki

B.A. 1st Year

Roll no. 1250264126

Are We More Connected Yet More Alone?

In Today's digital world, connecting with people has never been easier. With just a smart phone and an internet connection, we can talk to someone sitting thousands of kilo metres away. Social media platforms allow us to share our thoughts. Photographs, achievements and everyday moment with hundreds of people. Yet, despite being more connected than ever, many of us often feel lonely.

This is one of the biggest condra dictions of modern life. We have countless online connections. But Fewer meaningful conversations.

Technology itself is not the enemy. It is man made education. Communication and information more accessible than ever before. The real challenge is learning how to use it without allowing it to control our lives.

Bhawna
B.A. 1st year
Roll No. 1240264051

Inclusive Growth : Development for Everyone .....

Inclusive growth means economics and social development that benefits every section of society. It focuses on providing equal, opportunities in education, employment, healthcare and other basic facilities. True development is a achieved only when poor and disadvantage people also get a chance to improve their lives. Inclusive growth reduces in equality and helps build a stronger and more developed society.

Development for everyone :

Development should not be limited to a few people or cities. Everyone, regardless of their back, ground, gender or economics condition should have equal opportunities to grow. Government and society must work together to provide quality education, jobs healthcare and social security. When every participates in development. The whole nation become strong and more prosperous.

Khushi
B.A. 3rd Year
Roll no. 1240264095

The Role of Youth in Building a New India.....

Youth is not merely a phase of life; It is a powerful force capable of transforming society and shaping the future of a nation. India is one of the youngest countries in the world, and this young population represents one of the country is greatest strengths. The ideas, knowledge, creativity and determination of today's youth can play a decisive role in building a stronger, developed and responsible India.

Education is the foundation of an empowered youth. However, education should not be limited to textbook and examinations. Young people need practical knowledge critical thinking, communication skills, digital literacy and awareness of social issues.

The future of India will not be decided only in Parliament, offices or industries. It will also be shaped in classroom, college, laboratories, workplaces and communities by young people who are willing to learn.

Akshita
B.A. 1st Year
Roll No. :

Urban Pollution and Its Ecological Effects

Urban pollution is one of the most pressing environmental challenges of the 21st century. resulting from rapid urbanization, industrialization, and population growth. It includes air. water, soil, noise, and light pollution, all of which significantly affect ecosystems, biodiversity, and human well-being. As cities expand, increasing vehicle emissions, industrial activities, construction work, and improper waste disposal place immense pressure on the natural environment.

Air pollution is the most visible form of urban pollution. Pollutants such as particulate matter nitrogen oxides, sulfur dioxide, and carbon monoxide are released from vehicles, factories, and power plants. These pollutants reduce air quality, contribute to respiratory diseases, and accelerate climate change through greenhouse gas emissions. They also damage urban vegetation by reducing photosynthesis and weakening plant growth.

Water pollution occurs when untreated sewage, industrial effluents, and plastic waste enter rivers, lakes, and groundwater. Urban rivers such as the Yamuna River in Delhi and the Mithi River have experienced severe degradation due to wastewater discharge. Polluted water reduces dissolved oxygen levels, causing fish deaths and disrupting aquatic ecosystems.

Soil pollution arises from construction debris, heavy metals, and chemical waste, reducing soil fertility and affecting microorganisms essential for nutrient cycling. Meanwhile, noise pollution from traffic, railways, and construction disturbs birds and other wildlife, interfering with communication and breeding patterns. Light pollution disrupts nocturnal species such as bats, insects, and migratory birds by altering their natural behaviour.

The ecological effects of urban pollution are extensive. It leads to habitat fragmentation, loss of biodiversity, urban heat island formation, contamination of food chains, and declining ecosystem services such as pollination and water purification. Green spaces become less effective in regulating temperature and absorbing pollutants.

Effective solutions include expanding urban forests, promoting public transport and electric vehicles, improving waste management, treating wastewater, adopting renewable energy, and strengthening environmental regulations. Sustainable urban planning can reduce pollution while protecting ecological balance, ensuring healthier cities and more resilient ecosystems for future generations.

Dr. Archana Dalal
Department of Geography

From Maps to Google Earth : The Changing World of Geography

"Geography is the art of understanding the world through space, place and people."

Geography has always been concerned with understanding the Earth and the relationship between people, places and the environment. Over time, however, the methods used to study geography have changed remarkably. The discipline has moved from traditional paper maps and manual surveys to advanced digital technologies that allow us to observe, analyse and interpret the world in new ways. The journey from maps to Google Earth represents not only a technological transformation but also a major change in the way geographical knowledge is created and used.

In earlier times, maps were prepared manually by explorers, travellers and geographers. These maps were important tools for representing mountains, rivers, cities, coastlines and political boundaries. Although traditional maps provided valuable information, their preparation was time-consuming and their ability to show rapid changes on the Earth's surface was limited. Geographers often depended on field surveys, observations and printed atlases to understand spatial patterns.

The development of computers and satellite technology transformed this situation. Today, digital platforms such as Google Earth enable us to virtually explore almost any part of the world. A student sitting in a classroom can examine the Himalayas, the Amazon rainforest, deserts, oceans or growing cities through high-resolution satellite imagery and three-dimensional views. This has made geography more visual, interactive and accessible than ever before.

Geographical Information Systems (GIS) have further expanded the possibilities of geographical study. GIS helps in collecting, storing, analysing and representing different types of spatial information. It allows geographers to combine maps with data related to population, land use, agriculture, climate, transport and natural resources. By analysing these layers of information, complex geographical problems can be understood more clearly and effectively.

Similarly, GPS has made it possible to identify precise locations, while Remote Sensing and satellite imagery provide regular information about the Earth's surface. These technologies help us observe changes in forests, agriculture, rivers, glaciers, urban areas and the environment. For example, satellite images can show urban expansion, deforestation, changes in crop conditions or the impact of floods and droughts. Thus, geography has become increasingly useful in environmental monitoring, disaster management, urban planning and sustainable development.

However, technology has not replaced geographical knowledge. Maps, satellites and digital tools provide information, but geographers are needed to interpret that information in its social, economic, cultural and environmental context. A satellite image may show that a city is expanding, but geographical analysis helps explain why the expansion is taking place, who is affected by it and what its consequences may be.

The changing world of geography therefore reflects a shift from simply describing the Earth to analysing dynamic relationships and processes. Modern geography combines traditional concepts of space, place and region with powerful technologies for spatial analysis. The journey from paper maps to Google Earth demonstrates how geography continues to evolve while remaining rooted in its central purpose: understanding our constantly changing world.

"The world is not just a place to be mapped; it is a world to be understood."

Bharti

Associate Professor

National Mission on Natural Farming (NMNF)

Introduction

The National Mission on Natural Farming (NMNF) is an important initiative aimed at promoting sustainable. environmentally friendly and low-cost agricultural practices in India. Indian agriculture has made significant progress through the use of modern technology, improved seeds, irrigation and chemical inputs. However, Increasing dependence on chemical fertilizers and pesticides has also raised concerns about soil degradation, environmental pollution, loss of biodiversity and rising cultivation costs. In this context, natural farming has emerged as an important approach for developing a more sustainable and resilient agricultural system.

Concept of Natural Farming

Natural farming is an ecology-based farming system that encourages the use of locally available and farm-based resources. It seeks to reduce dependence on externally purchased chemical inputs and emphasizes natural biological processes. Important practices associated with natural farming include biomass recycling, mulching, crop diversification, mixed cropping, intercropping and the integration of livestock with agriculture. These practices aim to maintain ecological balance and support the long-term health of agricultural land.

Objectives of NMNF

The major objective of the National Mission on Natural Farming is to promote sustainable agriculture while reducing the cost of cultivation. The Mission encourages farmers to adopt practices that improve soil health, conserve water and strengthen biodiversity. Another important objective is to reduce farmers' dependence on costly external inputs by promoting the efficient use of resources available at the farm level. The Mission also focuses on building the knowledge and capacity of farmers through training, demonstrations and technical guidance.

Importance and Potential Benefits

The NMNF is significant because it addresses several major challenges facing Indian agriculture. Natural farming may help reduce the financial burden created by the increasing cost of fertilizers and pesticides. Practices such as mulching and biomass recycling can support soil moisture conservation and improve the use of natural resources. Crop diversification and mixed farming systems may also contribute to ecological resilience and biodiversity. Thus, natural farming has the potential to support agricultural sustainability while strengthening farmers' self-reliance.

Implementation and Farmer Capacity Building

The success of the Mission depends greatly on effective implementation at the field level. Farmers require proper training and continuous technical support to understand and adopt natural farming practices. Demonstration farms, farmer-to-farmer learning, awareness programmes and agricultural extension services can play an important role in this process. Since India has diverse agro-climatic conditions, natural farming practices should be adapted according to local soil conditions, climate, crops, irrigation facilities and the availability of natural resources.

Challenges

Despite its potential, the implementation of natural farming also faces several challenges. Farmers may experience difficulties during the transition from conventional farming, and the outcomes may vary across different regions and crops. The productivity and economic viability of natural farming

require long-term and location-specific scientific assessment. Market opportunities, institutional support and effective monitoring are also important for the wider adoption of natural farming. Therefore, policy implementation should be supported by research and regular evaluation of economic, social and environmental outcomes.ConclusionIn conclusion, the National Mission on Natural Farming represents an important step towards sustainable agricultural development in India. Its emphasis on reducing dependence on external inputs, improving soil health, conserving natural resources and strengthening farmers' capacity makes it highly relevant to present-day agricultural challenges. However, the long-term success of the Mission will depend on scientific research, location-specific implementation, effective extension services and proper institutional support. With systematic planning and continuous evaluation, NMNF can contribute to the development of a more sustainable, resilient and farmer-friendly agricultural future in India.

Priya Devi
Assistant Professor

The Blind Travellers

In a small village, there lived two friends named Sam and Roy. Roy loved to Read, study and ask questions. Sam thought studying was a waste of time. "Why read books when you can just enjoy life?" Sam always laughed.

One day, the king announced a challenge. "Deep inside the dark cave on the hill lies a bag of gold. Anyone who brings it out can keep it.

Sam rushed into the cave first, laughing but the cave was pitch black. Sam did not know how to negative without light, nor did he know how to read the warning signs carved on the rocks. He tripped over a stone, fell into a deep pit , and a trapped in the dark. He was completely helpless.

Roy arrived next. He brought a flint to strike a fire because he knew caves were dark. As he walked, he carefully read the ancient symbols on the walls. One sign read : 'Step left to avoid the trap'. Roy stepped left and walked safetly past the hidden pit where Sam was stuck. Roy heard Sam crying for help. Using long tree branch and the rules of balance he had learned, Roy pulled Sam out of the pit.

Together, they reached the end of the cave. Roy used his torch to find the hidden lever on the wall that opened the secret door, Inside was the bag of gold.

As they walked out into sunlight, Sam looked at the gold and then at Roy. "I thought you were wasting your time with books," Sam said quietly. "But today I realized that living without knowledge is like walking through a dangerous world with your eyes closed".

Conclusion

Knowledge is the ultimate light that guides us through life's unexpected dangerous, proving that strength and speed are, useless without the wisdom to direct them.

Kirti
B.A. 2nd year
Roll No. : 1250264059

Education : The Real Power

Once there was a small village surrounded by green fields. Most of the people in the village were farmers. They worked hard every day but did not have many opportunities in life. There was no proper school in the village, so many children could not study.

Among them was a young girl named Meera. She belonged to a poor family. Her father was a farmer and mother worked at home. Meera loved studying and always wanted to learn new things. However, her family could not afford expensive books and other study materials.

One day, a new teacher came to the village. His name was very Mr. Sharma. He noticed that Meera was very interested in education. He started teaching a few children under a large tree near the village. Meera never missed a class. She studied with great interest and worked hard every day.

Some villagers laughed at her and said, what will education give you? You are a farmer's daughter. You should only learn household work. Meera did not lose hope, she believed that education could change her life. Her teacher also encouraged her and said., "Education is not only about getting a job. It teaches us how to think, how to face difficulties."

Meera continued her studies. She walked several kilometers everyday to attend school in a nearby town sometimes she had no money for books, but she borrowed them from other students. Sometime she felt tired, but she never gave up.After many years of hard work, Meera completed her education and become a teacher. She returned to her village and saw that many children were still unable to study. She decided to help them. With the help of her teacher and some villagers, she opened a small school in the village. She taught children free of cost and encouraged their parents to send them to school.

Slowly, the village began to change children who once worked in the fields started going to school. They learned about science, computers, health and their rights. The villagers also become more aware and confident. One day, an old farmer who had once laughed at Meera come to her school. He said, "Now I understand that you were right. Money can be lost, but knowledge stays with us forever". Meera smiled and replied, "Education gave me the power to change my life, but its real power is that it can change the lives of many other too."

The village became more developed and educated. People started making better decisions for their families and their communities.

Moral : Education is the real power. It gives us knowledge, confidence and the ability to change our lives and society. True education does not only make us successful; it makes us better human beings.

Himanshi

B.A. 2nd Year

Roll No. : 1250264058

Social Media : Boon or Curse For Students?

Social media has became an important part of our daily life. Platforms like youtube, whatsapp and Instagram help us to comment with people and share information. For students, social media can be both useful and harmful. It depends on how we use it.

Social media has many advantages for students. It helps us to learn new things and stay updated with current information. Students can watch educational videos, join study groups and share note with their classmates. Students may spend many hours scrolling instead of studying. It can waste valuable time and affect concentration. Sometimes students also compare their lives with what they see online, which can make them feel unhappy are less confidence. Fake news and misleading information and other problems of social media.

Therefore, social media is neither completely good nor completely bad. It is a useful tool when used wistly. Students should learn to control their screen time and give proper importance for their studies, family, friends and personal development.In conclusion, social media should be our tool, not our master. If we use it with discipline and responsibility, it can became a powerful source of knowledge, creativity and growth.

Sakshi
B.A. 2nd year
Roll No. : 1250264243

Let True Talent Shine

Behind the heavy bags, a childhood fades away,
We turn creative minds to stone,
and young hearts to dismay.
We run a race of rote and stress,
Where unique thoughts must die,
Trapped inside a wall of grades,
Where dreams don't learn to fly.
We measure worth on paper sheets,
With numbers marks and ink,
We teach our children what to learn,
But never how to think.
The classroom turns into a cage,
Where memory is king,
While life's real skills and practical,
Truths are left out shivering.
The time has come to break these chains to change the old design,
To step beyond the textbook page,
And let true talent shine.
For learning is to build a soul,
To make us kind and wise.
Not just a tool to forge a tool,
Under corporate skies.
Until we light the spark inside,
And let curiosity grow,
The future of our nation's youth
Will never truly glow
So let us fix the broken gears,
And clears the dust screen,
To build a path where wisdom rules.
Instead of the machine.

Minal Sharma
B.A. 2nd year
Roll no. 1250264003

Dream Big, Work Hard

Everyone has a dream in life. Some people dream of becoming doctors, teachers, scientists, officers or successful entrepreneurs. Dreams give us a goal and show us the direction in which we should move. But dreaming alone is not enough. To turn a dream into reality we need work hard, patience and determination.

A big dream may sometimes look impossible. People may tell us that we cannot achieve it. We may also face failure and difficult situations. At such times, we should not give up. Instead, we should learn from our mistakes and continue moving forward."

A dream becomes a goal when you make a plan and start working for it."

Hard work does not mean working one day or one week. It means small efforts every day. A student who wants to get good marks must study regularly. A sports person must practice everyday. A person who wants to achieve success must develop discipline and keep improving.

Success does not always come quickly. Sometimes our efforts may not give immediate results. We may fail in an examination. Lose a competition or make mistakes. But failure is not the opposite of success; it is a part of the journey towards success.

"Do not be afraid of failure. Be afraid of giving up on your dream."

History is full of people who achieved great things because they continued working despite difficulties. Their stories teach us that talent is important, but determination and continuous efforts are equally important.

We should also remember that everyone has a different journey. We should not compare our progress with others. Instead, we should focus on our own goals and try to become better everyday.

A big dream gives us motivation, while hard work gives us the power to achieve it. When we combine our dream with discipline, patience and a positive attitude, even difficult goals can become possible.

"Dream big, work hard, stay patient, never stop believing in yourself".

In conclusion, we should never be afraid to dream big, Our circumstances may be difficult today, but they do not decide our future. With strong determination and continuous hard work, we can create the future we dream of."Dreams show us where we want to go, but hard work takes us there".

Ritika
B.A. 2nd year
Roll no. 1256264228

Women Empowerment

Wome power or women's empowerment, means giving women the absolute freedom, equal rights, and tools to make their own life decisions.

What is women power?

Women power is not about ruling over others. It is the strength to live a life of dignity, safety and independence.

- **Control over life :** Women choose their own careers, studies, and life partners.
- **Financial Freedom :** Women earn their own money and manage their own finances.
- **Equal Voice :** Women speak up and share equal power in families and government.

Why is it important?

Empowering women helps the whole world grow. When you empower a woman, you help an entire family and community move forward.

- **Better Education :** Educated mothers send their children to school and take care family health.
- **Stronger Economy :** When women work and start businesses, countries grow richer.
- **Fair Society :** It removed old and unfair habits like gender bias and discrimination.

Heena
B.A. 1st Year
Roll No. : 1260264071

Vivekita

2026-27



Commerce Section

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Dr. Ritu Rani

Assistant Professor in Commerce

Student Editor

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(Commerce)

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Editor Message

"The mind is not a vessel to be filled, but a fire to be kindled" — Plutarch

In today's fast-evolving global economy, true education goes beyond memorizing formulas and textbook theories-it is about nurturing curiosity, critical thinking, and adaptive leadership. The Commerce Department is committed to transforming ambitious learners into practical, future-ready business leaders who are equipped to navigate modern financial and managenal landscapes.

To prepare our students for real-world business environments, our pedagogy heavily emphasizes interactive, application-based learning. We integrate real-world case studies to refine analytical decision-making, alongside management games that cultivate strategic thinking, team coordination, and crisis management in an engaging setting. Recognizing the digital transformation across industries, we also prioritize the smart and ethical use of Artificial Intelligence (AI) in learning, enabling students to leverage cutting-edge tech tools for data analysis, market research, and problem-solving.

Alongside core subjects like accounting, management, economics, statistics, and financial management, we offer various platforms through quizzes, debates, role plays, poster-making competitions, and career guidance workshops. We aim to foster life-affirming values, ethical leadership, and a commitment to positive social contribution.

As the editor of the commerce section, I express my sincere gratitude to our faculty members and students for their dedicated contibutions to this publication. My special thanks to our Principal, Dr Santosh Hooda, for her continuous guidance and encouraging leadership. I hope these pages inspire fresh insights and enrich your academic journey

Dr. Ritu Rani
Assistant Professor Editor.
Commerce Section

Student Message

In an ever-evolving global economy, true commerce is driven not just by traditional transactions, but by constant innovation, creative problem-solving, and adaptive thinking. Beyond standard balance sheets and market theories lies the spark of visionary thinking that transforms modern business landscapes into platforms for impactful change.

Continuous learning isn't a concept that applies only in business-it's a vital part of education as well. While many people see education as something that ends when you're 21 or so and graduate college, it doesn't have to be that way. Many a times qualification is used alternatively for education, but being qualified does not necessarily mean that one is educated. Enthusiastic and full of confidence, we come out of our colleges to face the world without knowing whether we are qualified or educated.

Offering the opportunity to learn, practice these skills, and foster innovative approaches improves that supervisor's performance and up-levels the entire team. When you create a positive and creative attitude in the workplace, you will see that all team members are encouraged to be more dynamic and productive. They communicate more effectively and dedicate greater effort toward the growth and welfare of the country. Qualification is something that can be faked, bought, or sold-but genuine education and creative intellect cannot be Qualification can get you a job, but true education commands respect, inspires leadership, and creates endless possibilities for the future.

Simran
B. Com. Final Year
Student Editor (Commerce)

TARIFF, AND ITS IMPACT ON INDIAN ECONOMY

A Tariff is a tax that' a government puts on goods imported from other Countries. In India, tariffs are used to protect local industries, Control imparts, and increase government revenue. When foreign goods become more expensive due to tariffs, people are encouraged to by products made within the Country.

In the Indian Economy, tariffs play an important role. By making imported goods costlier, Indian companies A get a better chance to Complete and Grow. This can Create more jobs and strengthen Industries such as Steel, textiles and Automobiles manufacturing.

Tariffs also provides revenue to the government. The money collected from import duties can be used" far public welfare programs, Infrastructure development and other national projects. In a developing Economy like India, this Source of Income Can Support Economic development.

However, tariffs also have some negative effects. When import taxes are high, the price of goods in the market may rise. This means Consumers often have to pay more for products like mobile phones, Cars, or raw materials. Small buisnesses that depend on imported parts may face higher production Costs, which can reduce their profits. In Some Cases, other Countries may respond by increasing tariffs on Indian Exports, which can hurt sectors like agriculture and pharmaceuticals.

In conclusion, tariffs have both positive and negative impacts on the Indian Economy. while they protect local industries and generate revenue and also Increase price and affect trade relationships.

Timple
B.com 1st semester
Roll no. 1250267001

Marketing Strategy of Zudio to Become Leader

Introduction

Zudio is one of the fastest growing fashion retail brands in India. Its affordable pricing and smart retail strategy make it very popular among youth and middle class customers.

Affordable pricing strategy :

Zudio's biggest strength is its low price police. Most products are period below Rs. 999. This value for money approach attracts many customers and encourage repeat purchases.

Store First Marketing Approach :

The brand spends very little on traditional to advertising. Instead, it focuses on opening stores in high-footfall areas like malls and busy markets. Attractive store layout and organized product display out as strong marketing tools.

Fast Fashion and Trend Focus :

Zudio updates its collection quickly according to the latest fashion trends. By offering trendy design of affordable prices, it complete effectively with national and international brands.

Expansion into Smaller Cities :

Zudio is expanding into Tier-2 and Tier-3 cities. These markets have growing demand for affordable branded fashion and less completion, helping zudio reach more customers.

Conclusion :

Through low pricing store purchase and trend focused products, zudio is steadily becoming a fashion leader in India. Its smart and customers centric strategy ensures strong future growth.

Nidhi Chaudhary
B.Com 2nd year

Reasons for downfall of Share Market in India

Stock market downfall in India are typically caused by a combination of global event, domestic economic issue and investor behavior.

Major historical and contemporary reasons are follows :

Global Economic Factors

Global finance crises : Events like the 2008 financial crises eniggered by the collapse of institutions such as lehman brothers in the US, caused foreign institutional investors to withdraw funds from emerging market like India leading to sharp declines in India indices.

Interest rate changes : A strong Us dollar and higher interest rate in developed markets can lead to fill outflow from India in search of better return elsewhere.

Domestic Economic and Political factor : Banking Sector issue : High level of non-performing assets within India banks, as well as specific crises like the yes Bank situation in 2020 have contributed to market instability and fall in baking stocks.

Election Votality : Unexpected outcomes in general election can also trigger market downturns as soon in June 2024 when results differing from exit polls caused a significant decline before a subsequent recovery.

Market Specific Behaviours :

Speculative Bubbles and scams : Periods of excessive speculate can lead to market bubbles which inevilably burst Historical examples in India include the Harshad Mehta scam in 1992 and the Ketan Parekh scam in the early 2000s, where market manipulation and overinflated valuations led to major crashes.

Fill selling pressure : When foreign institutional convestion sell large cap stocks heavily it exert significant downward pressure an benchmark indices like the Sereen and Nifty, even if domestic institutional investors are buying mid cap stocks.

Manita
B.Com 2nd year
Roll no. 1240267013

Kiran Mazumdar Shaw (Biocar)

Kiran Mazumdar –Shaw founded Biocor in 1978 in Banglore, starting with just $250 in a garbage. Facing initial gender bias and lack of funding, she perseued to funding teamform it form a small industrial enzyme manufacture into a global biopharmaceutical powerhouse, making insulin and other biologics. She is recognized as a teailblazer for women in business, building a company with a market capitalization excluding $ 13 billion.

Vijay Sheaker Sharma (Paytm)

Vijay Sheaker Sharma found Paytm in 2010. Initially as a mobile recharge platform. Identifying the need for digital financial seruices in India, he pivoted the company into a dominant digital wallet and jintech ecosystem. Paytm saw exponential growth, particularly during India's demonetization period, evolving into one of the country's most vital digital Paytm, banking and commerce services.

Ritesh Agarwal (OYO Rooms)

At just 19 years old, Ritesh Agarwal founded OYO Rooms in 2013 to address the gap in affordable standarlized budget accommodation. Starting with a single hotel, his business model of standardizing small, unbanded hotels allowed for rapid, global expansion. OYO has revolutionzed the budget hotel industry by leveraging technology to offer consistent quality.

Saloni Ahirwal
B.Com 1st Year
Roll No. : 1250267002

Monetary Policy 2026 : The Era of the "Strategic Plateau"

As of early 2026, the global monetary landscape has shifted from the aggressive interest rate cuts of the previous year to a data-dependent plateau. Major central bank are increasingly prioritizing structural stability and liquidity management over further rapid easing.

Global Policy Divergence

The theme for 2026 is one of divergence among major economics.

United States : The federal reserve began the year with a "hawkish hold" maintaining the federal funds rate at 3.50% - 3.75% while the easing cycle of late 2025 has paused analysts expect one to two additional 25-basis point cuts later in the year.

Eurozone : The European central Bank has maintained a steady hand holding its deposit facility rate at 2.00% with inflation projected to stabilize near the 2% target, the ECB is expected to remain on hold through at 2026 though some economists anticipate potential hikes by mid–2027 if fiscal easing spurs activities.

India : The "Goldilocks' zone :The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) has kept its key repo rate unchanged at 5.25% as of February 2026 following 125 basis points of cuts in 2025 governor Sanjay Malhotra describe the economy as being an a "Goldlocks" spot- characterized by robust real GDP growth (projected at 74% for 426) and bening headline inflation. The central bank focus has shifted toward ensuring "ample liquidity" to support productive sector while monitoring a slight uptick in inflation caused by rising precious mental prices.

Key Risks and Indicators : Liquidity vs Rates : In many jurisdictions including India. The "real story" of 2026 is liquidity management rather than benchmark rates.

AI Productivity : Central Bank are closely watering how AI- driven productivity gain might allow for growth without reigniting "wage-push" inflation.

Tannu
B.Com. 2nd year
Roll no. 1240267001

Union Budget Highlights And Its Impact On Different Sectors of the Economy

The union Budget 2025-26, presented by Nirmala Sitharaman, sets the government's financial plan for the year ahead. It aims to support growth, job creation, investment, and economic stability.One of the budget's big priorities is infrastructure and capital expenditure. The government has raised spending on roads, railways, urban development, and power projects. This boost in public investment helps construction companies, cement and steel industries, and creates jobs across the transport and logistics sectors.

In agriculture and rural areas, new programmes like the prime Minister Dhan- Dhaanya Krishi Yojana and missions to increase crop yields were announced. These aim to improve farm productivity, irrigation, and storage facilities for farmers. As a result, farm incomes and rural demand are expected to rise which boosts consumption of goods ranging from tractors to packaged foods.

The Budget also supports MSMEs (Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises) with easier access to credit and higher credit guarantees. This helps small businesses expand, hire more people and invest in new technologies.

In technology and innovation, funds have been set aside for research, skill development, and AI labs in schools. This strengthens. India's startup ecosystem and prepare a skilled workforce for future industries.

Other key impacts include tax relief for individuals and reforms that make it easier to do business. This increases spending power for households and encourages both domestic and foreign investment.

Overall, the 2025-26 Budget blends growth with stability. By investing in infrastructure, supporting farmers and MSMEs, and encouraging innovation, it aims to strengthen. India's economy across many across sectors and improve living standards for people nationwide.

Rishika
B.Com 1st year
Roll no. : 1250267009

Asset Tokenization : A Silent Revolution in India's Financial Market

Imagine owning a tiny piece of a big office buildi, a bit of gold locked in a vault, or a small share of a company all from your phone, for as little as 5,000. This is called asset tokenization, and it's quietly changing how money and ownership work, in India and around the world.

Turning Big Assets into Small Digital Pieces

Tokenization takes something valuable — a house, gold, bonds, even company shares and turns ownership of it into a digital token stored on a blockchain. Instead of buying a whole flat, you buy a token that represents a small part of it, which can then be sold quickly, without much paperwork. It's like cutting one big pizza into small slices so more people can have a bite.

Asset Tokenization Bill

On 14 March 2026, MP Raghav Chaddha introduced the Asset Tokenization (Regulation) Bill in the Rajya Sabha, marking India's first serious step toward regulating this world of tokenized assets. Rather than setting up a new authority, the Bill hands the job to regulators who already exist: SEBI for securities, RBI for payment-linked tokens, and IRDAI or PFRDA for insurance and pension-related assets. It also gives token owners clear legal rights for the first time owning a token would legally mean owning a share of the underlying asset, unless the agreement says otherwise. Its scope is wide, covering real estate, gold, infrastructure projects, and even carbon credits, with tough penalties for fraud. As it's a Private Member's Bill and not backed by the government, its path to becoming law is slow and uncertain. Even so, experts see it as a useful approach that's already pushing policymakers to take tokenization seriously.

An easily accessible investment options for investors

For someone with a modest salary or savings, tokenization could turn once out-of-reach. investments into something within reach. A property or a gold reserve that used to demand lakhs of rupees upfront could soon be bought into for a few thousand, sold off within minutes when money is needed, and tracked with barely any paperwork. In short, it brings the ease of buying a stock to assets that were always considered slow and exclusive.

The Problem: Rules are still Incomplete

India doesn't yet have one single law covering all tokenized assets. A tokenized asset could even get taxed like cryptocurrency, at a flat 30% with no deductions, since old tax rules weren't written with this in mind. Companies has to comply with multiple, often overlapping legal regulations at the same time and stepping outside SEBI's boundaries can lead to trouble. Even globally, most tokenized assets barely get traded, since many are made only for big institutions, not everyday people.

It's one building slowly step by It's not a revolution that has grabbed headlines step through bills, trials and gradual changes. If India gets it right, young people could start investing in property, gold, or bonds much earlier than their parents did.

Dr. Jyoti

Assistant Professor in Commerce

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NEWS

सात दिवसीय एनएसएस शिविर का समापन



रोहतक | सर छोटू राम राजकीय महिला महाविद्यालय सांपला के 7 दिवसीय एनएसएस शिविर का समापन हो गया। जिसका मुख्य उद्देश्य युवाओं को समाज सेवा और जागरूकता से जोड़ना रहा। कार्यक्रम के मुख्य अतिथि एनएसएस कोआर्डिनेटर डॉ. [illegible] कैंप सांपला के [illegible]

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रोहतक, 16 नवम्बर (ब्यूरो): सर छोटूराम राजकीय महिला महाविद्यालय सांपला की 25वीं वर्षगांठ [illegible] कार्यक्रम में [illegible] सैकड़ों पूर्व छात्राओं ने भाग लिया। कार्यक्रम की शुरुआत दीप प्रज्वलन और [illegible] के साथ हुई। इसके बाद एनसीसी कैडेट्स ने [illegible] प्रस्तुत किया। उन्होंने अपने अनुभव साझा करते हुए महाविद्यालय के विकास और उपलब्धियों पर प्रसन्नता व्यक्त की। पूर्व छात्राओं ने महाविद्यालय में बिताए [illegible] क्षणों को याद किया। [illegible] सांस्कृतिक प्रस्तुतियां, [illegible] की

राम कन्या कॉलेज में लगाई विज्ञान प्रदर्शनी

सरछोटू राम कन्या महाविद्यालय में मंगलवार को विज्ञान प्रदर्शनी लगाई गई। छात्राओं ने रचनात्मक प्रतिभा और नवाचार का प्रदर्शन कर विज्ञान मॉडल प्रस्तुत किए। छात्राओं ने अपने मॉडलों के जरिए दैनिक जीवन की समस्याओं के समाधान भी प्रदर्शनी में पर्यावरण संरक्षण जल चक्कर, अक्षय ऊर्जा सौर ऊर्जा भारी रोबोटिक स्वचालित यातायात नियंत्रण, कृत्रिम वर्षा, सोलर सेल, न्यूक्लियर प्लांट जैसे विषयों पर मॉडल दिखाए गए। संवाद

गुरु तेग बहादुर के शहीदी दिवस के उपलक्ष में सांपला महाविद्यालय में लगा सैमीनार



कार्यक्रम को संबोधित करते हुए।

संविधान की भूमिका पर प्रकाश डाला

रोहतक, 26 नवम्बर (ब्यूरो): सर छोटूराम राजकीय महिला महाविद्यालय सांपला में संविधान दिवस मनाया गया। महाविद्यालय की प्राचार्या डॉ. संतोष हुड्डा ने सभी को संविधान की प्रस्तावना की शपथ दिलाई। इस दौरान उन्होंने भारतीय लोकतंत्र [illegible]



गणित जीवन के प्रत्येक क्षेत्र में निर्णय लेने की क्षमता को भी सुदृढ़ करता है : डॉ. संतोष हुड्डा



कार्यक्रम को संबोधित करते मुख्य अतिथि।

रोहतक 24 जनवरी (पंकज): सर छोटूराम राजकीय महिला महाविद्यालय सांपला में प्राचार्या डॉ. संतोष हुड्डा के दिशा-निर्देशन में गणित विभाग द्वारा आंतरिक गुणवत्ता आश्वासन प्रकोष्ठ के संयुक्त तत्वावधान महान गणितज्ञ श्रीनिवास रामानुजन की 138वीं जयंती पर सिटिजन एजुकेशनल इन मैथमेटिकल साइंसिज एंड एप्लीकेशन्स विषय पर दो दिवसीय राष्ट्रीय सेमीनार का आयोजन किया गया।

शनिवार को प्रथम सत्र में डॉ. सचिन जांगिड़ तथा द्वितीय सत्र में डॉ. पंकज कुमारी मुख्य वक्ता रहे। प्राचार्या डॉ. संतोष हुड्डा ने गणित विषय के महत्व पर प्रकाश डालते हुए कहा कि गणित न केवल वैज्ञानिक सोच विकसित करता है बल्कि जीवन के प्रत्येक क्षेत्र में निर्णय लेने की क्षमता को भी सुदृढ़ करता है।

उन्होंने कहा कि सम्मेलन का उद्देश्य गणितीय विज्ञान में नवीन शोध, तकनीकी प्रगति और उनके व्यावहारिक अनुप्रयोगों पर विचार विमर्श को प्रोत्साहित करना रहा। डॉ. सचिन जांगिड़ ने कहा कि संसार केवल गणित का साधन नहीं है बल्कि संसार यह भाषा है जिसके माध्यम से मनुष्य ने प्रकृति को समझा, समय की माप और ब्रह्मांड के रहस्य को जानने का प्रयास किया। प्राचीन भारत में शून्य (0) की उपलब्धि थी। शून्य केवल कुछ अंतर संख्याओं का द्वार है। आ. भास्कराचार्य जैसे महान गणितज्ञों ने से जोड़ा। उन्होंने बताया कि गणित वैश्विक सोचने की पद्धति है।

दूसरी तकनीकी सत्र की मुख्य वक्ता ने आर प्रोग्रामिंग लैंग्वेज- डेटा विश्लेष भाषा पर विस्तार से बताया। उन्होंने का डिजिटल और डेटा आधारित युग में आर की का महत्व निरंतर बढ़ता जा रहा है। आर सीमें प्रोग्रामिंग भाषा है, जिसका उपयोग डेटा विश्लेषण, सांख्यिकी, ग्राफिकल प्रेजेंटे कार्यों में किया जाता है। सेमिनार में आए व शोधार्थियों ने अपने शोध पत्र प्रस्तुत किए। डॉ ने अपने विचार विमर्श के दौरान अपने अनुभ किए। प्रतिभागियों को प्रमाण पत्र वितरित कि डॉ. अखिल कुमार ने सभी का धन्यवाद किया।

बेस्ट शोध प्रस्तुति के लिए 1100 को पुरस्कार देकर किया सम्मानित



अपराजिता

100 MILLION SMILES

संवाद न्यूज एजेंसी

रोहतक। आरक्षण से पंचायतीराज संस्थानों में महिलाओं की सियासी भागीदारी बढ़ी है। यह सांविधानिक मजबूती व सामाजिक [illegible] विपरीत [illegible]



लेकिन अभी जागरूकता कम है। वर्तमान में भी पुरानी सियासत चल रही है। राजनीति में बने परिवार ही चुनाव लड़ते आ रहे हैं। नई सोच के लिए युवाओं को आगे आना होगा। सरकार को इसके लिए मानक तय करने चाहिए। -डॉ. मीना कुमारी, प्रवक्ता राजनीतिक विज्ञान

होगी। वह आगे आकर काम करें व निर्णय [illegible]। यह बातें अमर उजाला फाउंडेशन के [illegible]एमटी कार्यालय में हुए अपराजिता [illegible]क्रम में एमडीयू के लोक प्रशासन [illegible]ण से सहायक प्रोफेसर डॉ. राजेश [illegible] कुंडू ने बतौर मुख्य वक्ता कहीं।



[illegible]रिवार का सहयोग मिला तो चुनाव [illegible]। वर्ष 2005 [illegible]ली बार चुनाव [illegible]। महिलाओं [illegible]र क्षेत्र में [illegible]री के लिए [illegible]रत हूं। [illegible] के लिए [illegible]ओं का [illegible]भ पहुंचाना प्राथमिकता है। [illegible]गलानी, वार्ड 15 पार्षद

[illegible]ा मिल रहा है। चुनाव में [illegible]क [illegible]हुई

"ऋते ज्ञानात् न मुक्तिः"



सर छोटूराम राजकीय महिला महाविद्यालय

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